BEGIN - MARCH 1, 1959

30.24-6281

A1
LONDON, MARCH 1 (AP)-RUSSIA WARNED PAKISTAN TODAY AGAINST SIGNING A MILITARY AGREEMENT WITH THE UNITED STATES.
IZVESTIA, THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT NEWSPAPER, SAID THE CONCLUSION OF AN AGREEMENT WOULD "MERELY INCREASE THE DANGER OF PAKISTAN'S BECOMING INVOLVED IN THE MILITARY ADVENTURES OF THE PENTAGON."
"COMMON SENSE," IT ADDED, "PROMPTS THAT ONLY A POLICY OF FRIENDSHIP WITH ONE'S NEIGHBORS, OF HELPING TO SET UP AN ATOM-FREE ZONE OF PEACE IN THE AREA OF THE FAR EAST AND THE PACIFIC OCEAN ACCORDS WITH THE NATIONAL INTERESTS OF PAKISTAN."
JF1212PES

A108
ROME, MARCH 1 (AP)-U.N. SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD ARRIVED BY PLANE TODAY FROM NEW YORK ON A TOUR THAT WILL INCLUDE THE SOVIET UNION.
GG716PES

A117 (220)
WARSAW, MARCH 1 (AP)-BORIS PASTERNAK SAID IN AN INTERVIEW PUBLISHED HERE TODAY THAT HE PLANS TO KEEP BUSY IN THE FUTURE TRANSLATING POETRY INTO RUSSIAN. THERE WAS NO MENTION OF HIS CONTROVERSIAL NOVEL, DR.ZHIVAGO.
PUBLICATION OF THE INTERVIEW WITH THE RUSSIAN POET AND NOVELIST WAS REGARDED AS A MAJOR EVENT BY POLISH INTELLECTUALS FIGHTING A REAR-GUARD BATTLE AGAINST TIGHTENING CENSORSHIP IN COMMUNIST-RULED POLAND. PASTERNAK REJECTED THE NOBEL PRIZE FOR LITERATURE UNDER SOVIET PRESSURE.
THE INTERVIEW APPEARED IN NOWA KULTURA (NEW CULTURE), POLAND'S LEADING LITERARY WEEKLY EDITED BY THE MINISTER OF HIGHER EDUCATION.
THE AUTHOR, NATALIA MODZELEWSKA, SAID SHE VISITED PASTERNAK AT HIS HOME OUTSIDE MOSCOW LAST DECEMBER.
THE POLISH WRITERS' UNION, ALONE AMONG ORGANIZATIONS IN COMMUNIST COUNTRIES, HAS STEADFASTLY SUPPORTED PASTERNAK IN HIS DISPUTE WITH THE KREMLIN OVER DR. ZHIVAGO. PASTERNAK WAS EXPELLED FROM THE SOVIET WRITERS' UNION.
MISS MODZELEWSKA SAID SHE HAD NOT READ PASTERNAK'S NOVELS. "FOR ME HE IS A POET," SHE WROTE. "MOST OF THE INTERVIEW WAS DEVOTED TO DISCUSSION OF HIS POETIC TRANSLATIONS."
SHE DEVOTED MUCH OF HER ARTICLE TO PASTERNAK'S ARTISTIC CREDO AND QUOTED HIM THUS:
"I SOMETIMES MEDITATE: HOW DOES IT HAPPEN THAT THE WORKS OF GREATER WRITERS...WRITTEN HUNDREDS OF YEARS AGO, EXERT SUCH POWER ON US?..."WE TURN TO THE 'GREATS', NOT ONLY BECAUSE THEY PERCEIVE THE TRUTH, BUT BECAUSE THEY LIVED THROUGH IT WITH UNCOMMON FORCE AND WERE ABLE TO IMPRESS THIS EXPERIENCE ON OTHERS."
PS751PES

A5
(120)
ATHENS, GREECE, MARCH 1 (AP)-PRIME MINISTER CONSTANTINE KARAMANLIS AND FOREIGN MINISTER EVANGHELOS AVEROFF LEFT BY PLANE TODAY FOR THE ISLAND OF RHODES FOR TALKS WITH PRESIDENT TITO OF YUGOSLAVIA.
TITO IS DUE TO REACH RHODES TOMORROW.
THE NEWSPAPER ELEFTHERIA SAID THAT A FEW DAYS AGO THE TALKS MIGHT HAVE BEEN ONLY A ROUTINE EXCHANGE OF VIEWS. BUT, IT ADDED, THE RECENT SETTLEMENT OF THE CYPRUS ISSUE AND RESTORATION OF GREEK-TURKISH AND BRITISH-GREEK RELATIONS WILL GIVE THE GREEK AND YUGOSLAV LEADERS NEW SUBJECTS TO TALK ABOUT.
ELEFTHERIA SAID YUGOSLAVIA WAS NOT PARTICULARLY ANXIOUS TO REVIVE THE THREE-POWER BALKAN ALLIANCE WHICH BECAME DORMANT AS A RESULT OF THE DETERIORATION OF GREEK-TURKISH RELATIONS OVER CYPRUS.
THE REVIVAL OF THE MILITARY SIDE OF THE BALKAN ALLIANCE IS NOT DESIRED BY YUGOSLAVIA, THE NEWSPAPER SAID.
JF1235PES

A67
FAIR-KHRUSHCHEV (350)
BY CARL HARTMAN
LEIPZIG, EAST GERMANY, MARCH 1 (AP)-LEIPZIG'S SPRING FAIR OPENED TODAY AMID A DISPLAY OF COMMUNIST PEACE SLOGANS AND SPECULATION OVER WHAT SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S VISIT WILL BRING.
ON THE OTHER SIDE OF TWON GOOSE-STEPPING OFFICERS CEREMONIOUSLY PRESENTED A BANNER TO THE 3RD ARTILLERY REGIMENT OF THE EAST GERMAN PEOPLE'S ARMY. ALL MEMBERS OF THE 700-MAN UNIT WERE CLAD IN LONG GERMAN FIELD GRAY UNIFORM COATS AND SOVIET STYLE HELMETS.
IT SEEMED ONLY A COINCIDENCE THAT THE FIRST DAY OF THE FAIR IS ALSO THE THIRD ANNIVERSARY OF THE PEOPLE'S ARMY. EAST GERMAN OFFICIALS WERE TRYING TO CONCENTRATE PUBLIC ATTENTION ON THE FAIR. THE MILITARY CELEBRATIONS WERE AN EMBARRASSMENT.
FAIR OFFICIALS LOOKED FORWARD TTO THE KHRUSHCHEV VISIT FOR A NEEDED PUBLICITY BOOST. OTTO HECKERT, A LEADER OF THE SOCIALIST UNITY (COMMUNIST) PARTY IN LEIPZIG, HAD A DIFFERENT VIEW.
"THE NEXT FEW DAYS WILL BE DECISIVE FOR GERMANY," HE TOLD THE ARTILLERYMEN FROM A PLATFORM FLANKED BY TWO 105 MM. GUNS. "A PEACE TREATY WILL COME."
SPEECHES TO THE TROOPS WERE NOT BELLIGERENT, THOUGH THEY INCLUDED SLIGHTING REFERENCES TO THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT OF CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER. THE COMMUNIST GERMANY ARMY WAS TOLD IT MUST HATE GERMAN IMPERIALISM AND BE READY TO DEFEND THE COMMUNIST COUNTRIES.
THERE WAS MAGNIFICENT SPRING WEATHER FOR BOTH THE FAIR AND THE MILITARY PROCEEDINGS.
VISITORS CROWDED HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS. USUALLY IT IS HARD FOR WESTERNERS TO GET INTO EAST GERMANY. BUT ANYONE IN A MAJOR EUROPEAN CITY CAN BUY AN OFFICIAL PASS TO THE FAIR FOR THE EQUIVALENT OF $2.50 AND NO QUESTIONS ASKED.
EAST GERMAN OFFICIALS SAID THE 9,380 EXHIBITORS FROM 49 COUNTRIES MADE THE FAIR THE GREATEST IN THE WORLD. IRAQ, THE BELGIAN CONGO, SOUTH AFRICA, TUNISIA AND ECUADOR ARE EXHIBITING FOR THE FIRST TIME.
THERE ARE ALMOST 300,000 SQUARE YARDS OF EXHIBITS. MORE THAN TWO-THIRDS OF THE SPACE IS OCCUPIED BY PRODUCTS FROM EAST GERMANY.
THE SOVIET UNION'S EXHIBIT, SPREADING OVER MORE THAN 12,000 SQUARE YARDS, TAKES UP THE LARGEST SPACE ALLOTTED ANY FOREIGN COUNTRY. THE NEXT LARGEST FOREIGN REPRESENTATIONS ARE FROM COMMUNIST CHINA, CZECHOSLOVAKIA AND FRANCE.
EXHIBITORS FROM THE UNITED STATES -- THERE ARE ONLY THREE -- COME NEEAR THE FOOT OF THE LIST.
SZ445PES

A69
WITH LEIPZIG (120)
FRANKFURT, MARCH 1 (AP)-THE INTERNATIONAL FRANKFURT SPRING FAIR, WEST GERMANY'S BIGGEST CONSUMER GOODS SHOW, WAS OPENED TODAY BY ECONOMICS MINISTER LUDWIG ERHARD.
ERHARD USED THE OCCASION TO PLEAD AGAIN FOR THE CREATION OF A WIDE EUROPEAN FREE TRADE ZONE TO PREVENT A "THREATENING DIVISION OF EUROPE."

COMMENTING ON THE FREE CONVERTIBILITY MOVES OF WEST EUROPEAN COUNTRIES, ERHARD SAID THESE ABOLISHED THE "MONOPOLISTIC POSITION" OF THE GERMAN MARK AND WOULD MEAN GREATER IMPORT PRESSURE AND INCREASED COMPETITION FOR EXPORTERS.

THE FRANKFURT SHOW RUNS PARALLEL TO THE BIG LEIPZIG FAIR, THE WORLD'S BIGGEST EAST-WEST TRADING CENTER, WHICH SPECIALIZES ON HEAVY EQUIPMENT.

THIRTY-TWO FOREIGN COUNTRIES ARE REPRESENTED AT THE FIVE-DAY FRANKFURT EVENT. ISRAEL IS THE ONLY NEWCOMER.

SZ430PES

A12

MACMILLAN BUDGET (650)

BY RONALD THOMSON

LENINGRAD, MARCH 1 (AP)-BRITISH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN EXPRESSED BELIEF TONIGHT HIS TALKS WITH SOVIET LEADERS, THOUGH YIELDING NO IMMEDIATE RESULTS, "WILL BE OF GREAT ASSISTANCE IN THE INTERNATIONAL DISCUSSIONS WHICH MUST LIE AHEAD."

"I SAY THAT THESE DISCUSSIONS MUST LIE AHEAD BECAUSE I FIRMLY BELIEVE THAT THE DANGEROUS SITUATION WITH WHICH WE MAY BE FACED CANNOT BE RESOLVED WITHOUT NEGOTIATION," MACMILLAN DECLARED.

THE BRITISH LEADER SPOKE AT A FORMAL DINNER GIVEN BY LENINGRAD'S MAYOR N.I. SMIRNOV. HE RETURNS TO MOSCOW BY TRAIN TONIGHT FOR A FINAL TALK MONDAY WITH PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV ON COLD WAR PROBLEMS CURRENTLY DOMINATED BY THE BERLIN ISSUE.

(RESPONSIBLE SOURCES IN LONDON SAID MACMILLAN WILL RETURN DETERMINED TO URGE PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND FRENCH PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE TO JOIN HIM IN A SUMMIT CONFERENCE WITH KHRUSHCHEV AS THE ONLY WAY OF REMOVING THE SOVIET THREAT TO WEST BERLIN.

(IN EAST BERLIN THE OFFICIAL ADN NEWS AGENCY ANNOUNCED PREPARATORY SOVIET-EAST GERMAN TALKS ON THE ENDING OF THE U.S., BRITISH AND FRENCH OCCUPATION OF WEST BERLIN OPENED SATURDAY NIGHT. THE SUBJECT WAS DISCUSSED, IT SAID, BETWEEN SOVIET AMBASSADOR M. G. PERVUKHIN AND EAST GERMAN LEADERS OTTO GROTEWOHL AND WALTER ULBRICHT. KHRUSHCHEV, WHO HAS SET MAY 27 AS THE DEADLINE FOR THE OCCUPATION'S END, IS DUE IN EAST GERMANY IN MID-WEEK, OFFICIALLY TO VISIT THE LEIPZIG TRADE FAIR).

MACMILLAN SPOKE IN BROAD TERMS OF HIS 10-DAY MISSION TO MOSCOW AFTER A DAY OF SEEING LENINGRAD'S SIGHTS IN GREY, DRIZZLING WEATHER. WHILE HE TOURED THE CITY IN A SOVIET ZIS SEDAN, FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD AND FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO HAD A 90-MINUTE CONFERENCE INTENDED TO CLARIFY BRITISH AND SOVIET POSITIONS PRIOR TO THE FINAL MACMILLAN-KHRUSHCHEV SESSION.

DINNER GUESTS WITH MACMILLAN WERE LLOYD, GROMYKO AND SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER ANASTAS I. MIKOYAN.

"WE CAN ONLY BE FRIENDS IN ANY TRUE MEANING OF THE WORD IF WE FIRST KNOW ONE ANOTHER BETTER," MACMILLAN SAID. "I HAVE ALREADY HAD FRANK CONVERSATIONS WITH YOUR LEADERS IN MOSCOW."

THE PRIME MINISTER THEN REFERRED TO MIKOYAN'S FRIDAY NIGHT SPEECH AT ROSTOV, IN WHICH MIKOYAN SAID MACMILLAN HAD REVERSED THE NORMAL COURSE OF NEGOTIATIONS BY STARTING WITH THE SWEET AND GOING ON TO THE SOUR.

"I SEE THAT MR. MIKOYAN HAD SOME CRITICISM TO MAKE OF THE CONDUCT OF THE CONVERSATIONS, BUT I WAS GLAD THAT HE FELT THEY WERE BEING USEFUL," MACMILLAN SAID.

"IT IS VERY GOOD OF HIM TO BE HERE TONIGHT AND I LOOK FORWARD TO FURTHER DISCUSSIONS WITH HIM AND WITH THE OTHER SOVIET LEADERS WHEN I RETURN TO MOSCOW TOMORROW.

"I MADE IT CLEAR BEFORE I LEFT THE UNITED KINGDOM THAT I WAS NOT COMING TO NEGOTIATE BUT TO TRY TO EXPRESS OUR OWN POINT OF VIEW ON INTERNATIONAL ISSUES AND AT THE SAME TIME TO LEARN WHAT YOU WERE THINKING.

"I BELIEVE THAT THESE TALKS EVEN THOUGH THEY CANNOT--AND WERE NOT INTENDED TO--LEAD TO ANY IMMEDIATE SOLUTIONS WILL BE OF GREAT ASSISTANCE IN THE INTERNATIONAL DISCUSSIONS WHICH MUST LIE AHEAD."

MACMILLAN SAID HE COULD NOT DISCUSS IN DETAIL "THE DIFFICULTIES WHICH MAY ARISE OR THE DIFFERENCE IN THE POINT OF VIEW." HE WOUND UP HIS SPEECH BY EXPRESSING CONFIDENCE THE BRITISH AND SOVIET GOVERNMENTS AND PEOPLES CAN AND WILL WORK TOGETHER TO PRESERVE PEACE.

IN HIS SIGHT-SEEING MACMILLAN VISITED THE ~~FIBNZE~~ Frunze NAVAL COLLEGE, WHICH DATES BACK TO 1701. HE DELIVERED A SPECIAL GREETING TO THE SOVIET NAVY AND RECALLED TO HIS HOSTS THE LONG HISTORY OF BRITISH-RUSSIAN COOPERATION, "INCLUDING THE MANY ACTS OF TREMENDOUS ENDURANCE AND HEROISM DURING THE LAST WAR."

THE COLLEGE COMMANDANT PRESENTED MACMILLAN A MINIATURE SOVIET NAVAL DRESS SWORD, GOLD-PLATED AND IVORY-HANDLED, WHILE MIKOYAN BEAMED BESIDE HIM.

SUNDAY MORNING TRAFFIC WAS HALTED ON TWO OCCASIONS AS THE BIG CONVOY OF OFFICIAL AND PRESS CARS SPED THROUGH THE CITY.

THOUSANDS OF CITIZENS CONVERGED ON THE SCENE WHEN MACMILLAN LEFT HIS CAR, FLYING THE UNION JACK, TO WALK THROUGH A BIG FRUIT STORE. HE WAS SMUGGLED OUT A SIDE DOOR TO AVOID THE CROWD.

LATER MACMILLAN VISITED THE PIONEER PALACE, A COMMUNIST YOUTH ORGANIZATION, AND WATCHED MIKOYAN CAST HIS VOTE IN TODAY'S ELECTION FOR THE PARLIAMENT OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION, THE LARGEST OF THE SOVIET UNION'S 15 REPUBLICS. MIKOYAN WAS AN UNOPPOSED CANDIDATE AND SURE TO BE ELECTED.

IN HIS REMARKS AT THE DINNER GIVEN FOR MACMILLAN, MIKOYAN TOLD THE WESTERN WORLD NOT TO TRY TO APPLY TO OTHER COUNTRIES POLICIES THEY WOULD NOT LIKE APPLIED TO THEMSELVES.

RADIO MOSCOW QUOTED HIM AS SAYING: "PEOPLE WHO KNOW ENGLISH TELL ME THAT THE ENGLISH HAVE A SAYING 'LIVE AND LET LIVE.'

"THIS IN FACT IS OUR SLOAGN OF PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE. LET US THEN ADHERE TO THIS WISE SAYING."

HE SAID THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT THINKS THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT DOES NOT WANT WAR. REFERRING TO HIS RECENT VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES, HE ADDED:

"IN TALKS WITH ME, EISENHOWER AND DULLES STATED THAT THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT ALSO DOES NOT WANT WAR.

"WHAT THEN SHALL WE DO? WHAT IS THE WAY OUT OF THE PRESENT SITUATION?"

MIKOYAN SAID THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT SEES THIS WAY:

"IMPROVEMENT OF RELATIONS BETWEEN NATIONS BY REMOVAL OF EXISTING SOURCES OF FRICTION AND CONFLICTS, BY PURSUING A POLICY OF PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE AND CREATING CONDITIONS FOR PROPER SETTLEMENT OF CONTENTIOUS QUESTIONS IN THE INTERESTS OF PEOPLES."

HE SAID FAVORABLE POSSIBILITIES EXIST FOR "ATTAINMENT OF USEFUL RESULTS IN THIS DIRECTION."

PS744PES

A64

WITH LENINGRAD MACMILLAN (270)

BY A. I. GOLDBERG

MOSCOW, MARCH 1 (AP)-PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV HAS ADVISED A FOREIGN AMBASSADOR HERE IT WAS A REAL TOOTHACHE, AND NOT A DIPLOMATIC ILLNESS, THAT KEPT HIM FROM FLYING WITH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN TO KIEV LAST WEDNESDAY.

THE AMBASSADOR, WHO ASKED NOT TO BE IDENTIFIED BY NAME, SAID IN AN INTERVIEW TODAY HE HAD ASKED KHRUSHCHEV POINT BLANK WHETHER IT WAS A DIPLOMATIC ILLNESS IN VIEW OF REPORTED COOLNESS BETWEEN THE TWO GOVERNMENT CHIEFS. HE QUOTED KHRUSHCHEV AS REPLYING:

"NO, MR. MACMILLAN AND I WERE JOKING ABOUT MY AILING TOOTH BEFORE HE LEFT FOR KIEV. IT OLD HIM PREMIERS MUST HAVE GOOD TEETH AND MR. MACMILLAN ANSWERED: 'I THINK SOMETIMES YOUR TEETH ARE A LITTLE TOO SHARP FOR US.'"

KHRUSHCHEV WAS PICTURED AS SURPRISED AT THE WORLD REACTION TO HIS TOUGH SPEECH AT THE KREMLIN LAST TUESDAY. HE HAD RAPPED THE WEST ON BERLIN AND OTHER ISSUES IN ADDRESSING COMMITTEES OF HIS DISTRICT IN PREPARATION FOR AN ELECTION TODAY. A NEW PARLIAMENT FOR THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION, THE LARGEST OF THE SOVIET UNION'S 15 REPUBLICS, WILL BE CHOSEN.

"IT WAS ONLY AN ELECTIONEERING SPEECH," THE ENVOY QUOTED THE PREMIER AS SAYING. "I ~~DOUBT~~ know IT HAS BEEN SUGGESTED THAT I SHOULD NOT HAVE MADE THE SPEECH UNTIL MR. MACMILLAN LEFT.

"BUT THE ELECTION WAS TO BE SUNDAY, BEFORE HE LEFT, AND I OWED IT TO MY VOTERS TO EXPLAIN WHAT IS HAPPENING.

"THAT IS ALL I DID."

THE AMBASSADOR SAID KHRUSHCHEV ALSO TOLD HIM HE STILL IS NOT PESSIMISTIC ABOUT HIS TALKS WITH MACMILLAN AND HE INSISTS THERE MUST BE A PEACE TREATY WITH GERMANY AND LIQUIDATION OF THE WESTERN OCCUPATION OF WEST BERLIN. HE IS FOR A PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT OF THE GERMAN QUESTION.

TALKS RESUME TOMORROW AFTERNOON AFTER MACMILLAN RETURNS FROM LENINGRAD.

A LAVISH KREMLIN RECEPTION FOR THE BRITISH DELEGATION AND A TV APPEARANCE BY MACMILLAN ARE ON SCHEDULE LATER MONDAY.

S7&33PES

A29

BERLIN BUDGET (550)

BY REINHOLD ENSZ

BERLIN, MARCH 1 (AP)-PREPARATORY SOVIET-EAST GERMAN TALKS ON ENDING OF THE WESTERN OCCUPATION OF WEST BERLIN HAVE OPENED IN EAST BERLIN, ADN SAID TONIGHT.

THE OFFICIALEAST GERMAN NEWS AGENCY REPORTED THE SUBJECT WAS TAKEN UP BY SOVIET AMBASSADOR M.G.PERVUKHIN AND EAST GERMAN PREMIER OTTO GROTEWOHL AND COMMUNIST BOSS WALTER ULBRICHT LAST NIGHT.

"THEY DISCUSSED QUESTIONS CONNECTED WITH THE PROPOSALS BY THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT FOR THE CONCLUSION OF A PEACE TREATY WITH GERMANY AND THE LIQUIDATION OF THE OCCUPATION REGIME IN WEST BERLIN," THE DISPATCH SAID.

PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV, WHO HAS SET MAY 27 AS THE DEADLINE FOR CONVERSION OF WEST BERLIN INTO A DEMILITARIZED FREE CITY, IS TO VISIT EAST GERMANY THIS WEEK. SOVIET SOURCES INDICATED HE IS EXPECTED TO ARRIVE WEDNESDAY.

OFFICIALLY HE IS COMING TO VISIT THE SPRING TRADE FAIR WHICH OPENED IN LEIPZIG TODAY AMID A DISPLAY OF COMMUNIST PEACE SLOGANS. BUT HE IS CONSIDERED CERTAIN TO PARTICIPATE IN TOP-LEVEL TALKS ON WEST BERLIN AND A POSSIBLE SEPARATE SOVIET-EAST GERMAN PEACE TREATY.

THERE WAS ANOTHER COMMUNIST WARNING--THIS TIME FROM EAST GERMAN DEFENSE MINISTER WILLI STOPH--THAT ANY VIOLATION OF EAST GERMANY'S SOVEREIGNTY WOULD MEAN WAR.

HERE IS HOW STOPH PUT IT:

"EVERY VIOLATION OF THE BORDERS OF THE (EAST) GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC, WHETHER ON THE LAND, IN THE AIR OR ON THE WATER WOULD MEAN WAR AND WOULD COLLIDE WITH THE DETERMINED RESISTANCE OF THE SOVIET TROOPS AND OUR ARMED FORCES."

STOPH'S STATEMENT WAS MADE IN CONNECTION WITH THE THIRD ANNIVERSARY OF THE OFFICIAL FOUNDING OF THE EAST GERMAN PEOPLE'S ARMY.

WESTERN INTELLIGENCE MEN ESTIMATE THE SOVIET UNION HAS ABOUT 400,000 MEN IN EAST GERMANY. THE EAST GERMAN ARMED FORCES NUMBER ABOUT 110,000.

ULBRICHT DECLARED IN A STATEMENT PUBLISHED BY THE OFFICIAL COMMUNIST PARTY NEWSPAPER NEUES DEUTSCHLAND THAT THE SOVIET UNION IS CERTAIN TO GO AHEAD WITH ITS EAST GERMAN PLANS UNLESS THE WEST JOINS IN AN ALL-GERMAN SETTLEMENT.

IN LEIPZIG, COMMUNIST LEADER OTTO NECKERT DECLARED AT A PEOPLE'S ARMY PARADE THAT "THE NEXT FEW DAYS WILL BE DECISIVE FOR GERMANY."

"A PEACE TREATY WILL COME," HE SAID.

THE TREATY WOULD GIVE THE SOVIET UNION AN EXCUSE FOR ENDING ITS PARTICIPATION IN THE FOUR-POWER OCCUPATION OF BERLIN AND GIVING THE EAST GERMANS THE CONTROL THAT THE RUSSIANS HAVE HANDLED OVER TRAFFIC BETWEEN WEST BERLIN AND WEST GERMANY, 110 MILES AWAY. EAST BERLIN WOULD REMAIN EAST GERMANY'S CAPITAL.

THE RUSSIANS HAVE BEEN HINTING THEY WOULD GO AHEAD WITH A SEPARATE TREATY EVER SINCE THE WEST MADE CLEAR IT WOULD NOT AGREE TO THE ALL-GERMAN TERMS PROPOSED BY MOSCOW IN A NOTE LAST JANUARY.

THE RUSSIANS PROPOSED TO NEUTRALIZE GERMANY.

ULBRICHT'S PUBLISHED STATEMENT SAID SUCH A TREATY IS NECESSARY TO ELIMINATE WHAT HE CALLED REVIVING MILITARISM IN WEST GERMANY.

AFTER THE TREATY IS ACCEPTED BY BY BOTH GERMAN STATES OR BY A CONFEDERATED GERMANY, THE EAST GERMAN COMMUNIST CHIEFTAIN SAID, THERE COULD BE FREE ELECTIONS FOR AN ALL-GERMAN PARLIAMENT.

THE WEST HOLDS THAT FREE ELECTIONS THROUGHOUT GERMANY ARE ESSENTIAL BEFORE THERE CAN BE A PEACE TREATY.

ULBRICHT ALSO SAID HIS REGIME HAS NO INTENTION--IF THERE IS AN ALL-GERMAN PEACE TREATY--TO ATTEMPT TO IMPOSE ITS COMMUNIST SYSTEM ON WEST GERMANY.

HE NOTED THAT WEST GERMANY HAS TWO-THIRDS OF GERMANY'S POPULATION AND ADDED:

"DO YOU BELIEVE THAT ANYONE IS IN A POSITION TO FORCE UPON TWO-THIRDS OF THE POPULATION A SYSTEM WHICH THEY DO NOT WANT? THAT WOULD BE UNREALISTIC."

IT WAS ONE OF THE FEW TIMES THAT ULBRICHT HAS PUBLICLY ADMITTED MOST WEST GERMANS DO NOT AGREE WITH HIS POLITICAL BELIEFS.

IN AN EAST BERLIN CHURCH, LUTHERAN BISHOP OTTO DIBELIUS PREACHED A SERMON ADVOCATING THAT BERLIN'S CITIZENS--EAST AND WEST--BE ALLOWED TO VOTE ON WHAT POLITICAL SYSTEM THEY WANT. THE COMMUNISTS HAVE REJECTED PREVIOUS SUGGESTIONS TO THAT EFFECT.

THE BISHOP ASKED THE BIG POWERS TO "FINALLY CREATE PEACE IN EUROPE AND THE ENTIRE WORLD."

THE BERLIN CRISIS APPEARED TO BE BEHIND A MAJOR SHAKEUP IN THE LEADERSHIP OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY IN BERLIN.

AT A TWO-DAY PARTY CONFERENCE IN EAST BERLIN, HANS KIEFER, FIRST SECRETARY OF THE BERLIN PARTY ORGANIZATION, WAS DROPPED TO A SECOND RANK POST. HE WAS REPLACED AS FIRST SECRETARY BY PAUL VERNER, AN ALTERNATE MEMBER OF THE PARTY'S POLITBURO. DEMOTED ALONG WITH KIEFER WERE THREE OF HIS ASSISTANTS.

THERE WAS NO EXPLANATION FOR THE RESHUFFLE IN AN OFFICIAL COMMUNIQUE ISSUED AFTER THE CONFERENCE, BUT POLITICAL OBSERVERS SAW THESE FACTORS BEHIND THE CHANGES:

1. AN EFFORT TO PUT TOUGH, WELL-TRAINED MEN IN CHARGE OF THE BERLIN PARTY BRANCH DURING THE CURRENT CRISIS OVER THE CITY.

2. A SLAP AT PARTY OFFICIALS FOR THE POOR COMMUNIST SHOWING IN WEST BERLIN'S MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS LAST DECEMBER.

THE COMMUNISTS, ALLOWED TO OPERATE IN ALL OF BERLIN UNDER FOUR POWER AGREEMENTS, ENDED UP IN THE WEST BERLIN BALLOTING WITH A MEAGER 2.7 PER CENT OF THE VOTE.

JA608PES

A23

SUMMIT BUDGET (550)

BY COLIN FROST

LONDON, MARCH 1 (AP)-PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN WILL RETURN FROM MOSCOW TUESDAY DETERMINED TO URGE THE WESTERN ALLIES INTO A SUMMIT CONFERENCE AS THE ONLY WAY OF REMOVING THE SOVIET THREAT TO BERLIN, RESPONSIBLE BRITISH SOURCES SAID TODAY.

HE WAS REPORTED CONVINCED THAT EAST-WEST NEGOTIATION IS ESSENTIAL--AND THAT NEGOTIATION WITHOUT PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV AT THE TABLE WOULD BE POINTLESS.

A FURTHER FACTOR CITED WAS BELIEF THAT A SUMMIT CONFERENCE OFFERS THE MOST DRAMATIC MEANS OF IMPRESSING ON KHRUSHCHEV THE NATO RESOLVE THAT WEST BERLIN STAYS FREE DESPITE SOVIET THREATS TO NEUTRALIZE IT AND TURN OVER CONTROL OF ITS TRAFFIC WITH THE WEST TO COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY.

MACMILLAN UNDERLINED THIS RESOLVE IN HIS TALKS WITH KHRUSHCHEV. BUT THE IMMEDIATE RESPONSE WAS A KHRUSHCHEV SPEECH SO UNCOMPROMISING THAT MACMILLAN FOR A TIME CONSIDERED CALLING OFF THE REST OF HIS 10-DAY TOUR.

TWO LONDON NEWSPAPERS IN CLOSE TOUCH WITH OFFICIAL THINKING, THE SUNDAY TIMES AND THE OBSERVER, REPORTED THAT MACMILLAN WILL URGE PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE OF FRANCE TO GO WITH HIM TO THE SUMMIT.

THIS,THEY SAID, WAS THE SIGNIFICANCE OF THE REPEATED CALLS FOR NEGOTIATION IN MACMILLAN'S SPEECHES TO THE RUSSIANS AND HIS WARNINGS OF THE DANGER OF STUMBLING INTO WAR THROUGH MISCALCULATION OF THE OPPOSING SIDE'S INTENTIONS.

NICHOLAS CARROLL, REPORTING THE MACMILLAN TOUR FOR THE TIMES, SAID MACMILLAN BELIEVES "KHRUSHCHEV IS THE ONLY PATH OPEN TO THE WEST FOR REALIST NEGOTIATIONS WITHTHE SOVIET UNION. ON NO OTHER LEVEL IS IT POSSIBLE TO DO ANY REAL BUSINESS WITH MOSCOW."

ROBERT STEPHENS, ACCOMPANYING THE PRIME MINISTER'S PARTY FOR THE OBSERVER, SAID MACMILLAN FEELS "THE ONLY PRACTICABLE WAY TO CONDUCT SERIOUS NEGOTIATIONS WITH MOSCOW ON MAJOR ISSUES IS DIRECTLY WITH THE SOVIET PREMIER HIMSELF."

MACMILLAN'S REPORTED VIEWPOINT WOULD BE A DEPARTURE FROM THE WESTERN POSITION THAT THE BIG FOUR FOREIGN MINISTERS, ASSISTED BY GERMAN ADVISERS, SHOULD MEET TO DISCUSS GERMANY(S FUTURE.

THIS WAS THE STAND TAKEN IN WESTERN NOTES TO RUSSIA LAST MONTH.

NOW BRITISH AUTHORITIES ARE SAID TO BELIEVE A FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE WOULD BE USEFUL ONLY TO PREPARE PROCEDURE FOR TALKS WITH KHRUSHCHEV.

THEIR POSITION COINCIDES FOR ALL PRACTICAL PURPOSES WITH KHRUSHCHEV'S OWN DECLARED VIEW THAT FOREIGN MINISTERS TALKS WOULD BE A WASTE OF TIME.

THEY LISTED THESE FACTORS:

1. EXPERIENCE OF PREVIOUS CRISES SHOWS THAT, AS THE MAY 27 BERLIN DEADLINE NEARS, THE WEST CAN EXPECT A WORLDWIDE CLAMOR FOR SUMMIT TALKS. THE BRITISH APPARENTLY FEEL IT WOULD BE BEST TO HEAD OFF THE CLAMOR BEFORE IT STARTS.

2. KHRUSHCHEV MADE A SIGNIFICANT SHIFT IN HIS KREMLIN SPEECH TUESDAY. PREVIOUSLY THE RUSSIANS DEMANDED THE SUMMIT SHOULD DEAL ONLY WITH BERLIN OR A GERMAN PEACE TREATY--AND ON RUSSIAN TERMS. KHRUSHCHEV NOW SUGGESTS IT COULD COVER ALL EUROPEAN SECURITY AND THE STALLED DISARMAMENT TALKS.

3. WITH SECRETARY OF STATE JOHN FOSTER DULLES OUT OF ACTION, THE WEST WOULD GO INTO FOREIGN MINISTERS TALKS AT A DISADVANTAGE. IN THE BRITISH VIEW ONLY PRESIDENT EISENHOWER HAS THE POWER TO PRESENT THE AMERICAN VIEWPOINT WITH FULL FORCE.

KHRUSHCHEV'S OFFHAND TREATMENT OF MACMILLAN CAUSED CONSIDERABLE DISAPPOINTMENT AMONG BRITONS WHO SAW THE PRIME MINISTER WITH HIGH HOPES FEB. 21. HOWEVER, THEY NOTED A COUPLE OF POINTS ON THE CREDIT SIDE OF MACMILLAN'S MISSION.

ONE WAS THAT HIS RECONNAISSANCE IN THE KREMLIN AT LEAST WAS USEFUL IN CONFIRMING THE HOSTILITIY OF ITS OFFICIALS.

THE OTHER WAS THE GENUINE WARMTH OF WELCOME IN LENINGRAD. THE OLD CZARIST CAPITAL WAS EVER THE MOST WESTWARD-LOOKING OF RUSSIAN CITIES AND THE ROARING RECEPTION ITS CITIZENS GAVE MACMILLAN SATURDAY COULD ALMOST ADD UP TO A PRO-WESTERN DEMONSTRATION.

A CALL FOR SUMMIT TALKS WAS MADE BY HUGH GAITSKELL, LEADER OF THE LABOR PARTY OPPOSITION IN PARLIAMENT.

HE TOLD A PARTY MEETING IN HALIFAX THAT BRITAIN SHOULD "ACCEPT STRAIGHT AWAY MR. KHRUSHCHEV'S PROPOSAL FOR SUMMIT TALKS."

"THERE IS NO POINT IN INSISTING THERE MUST FIRST OF ALL BE A FOREIGN MINISTERS' CONFERENCE," GAITSKELL SAID. "THE FACT IS THAT JUST AT PRESENT THE FOREIGN MINISTERS WHO ARE AVAILABLE ARE NOT VERY IMPORTANT PEOPLE.

"MR. DULLES IS UNFORTUNATELY GRAVELY ILL. IN FRANCE IT IS GENERAL DE GAULLE AND IN GERMANY DR. ADENAUER RATHER THAN THEIR FOREIGN SECRETARIES WHO COUNTY. IN RUSSIA IT IS MR. KHRUSHCHEV, NOT MR. GROMYKO."

GAITSKELL ALSO SAID THAT ALTHOUGH MACMILLAN'S TALKS IN MOSCOW "MAY BE DISAPPOINTING, IT STILL IS BELIEVED IT WAS A GOOD THING THE PRIME MINISTER WENT THERE. IT IS BETTER TO HAVE A BIT OF ARGUMENT THAN NO PERSONAL CONTACT AT ALL."

SZ453PES

A14WX

(560)

ADVANCE FOR 630PM EST TODAY

BERLIN-CONGRESS BUDGET

BY ERNEST B. VACCARO

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, MARCH 1 (AP)-CONGRESSIONAL CONCERN MOUNTED TODAY OVER THE POSSIBILITY RUSSIA MAY START A WAR OVER BERLIN.

SEN. MIKE MANSFIELD (D-MONT) VOICED FEAR SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV MIGHT "DO SOMETHING ON THE SPUR OF THE MOMENT" THAT WOULD IGNITE A CONFLICT.

AND SEN. JACOB K. JAVITS (R-NY) SAID THE UNITED STATES HAS TO "RUN WHATEVER RISKS ARE CALLED FOR" BY ITS PLEDGE TO KEEP TROOPS IN GERMANY TO GUARANTEE ACCESS TO WEST BERLIN.

MANSFIELD, ASSISTANT MAJORITY LEADER OF THE SENATE, SAID KHRUSHCHEV WOULD NOT START A WAR DELIBERATELY ALTHOUGH HE SAID IT IS "ALWAYS POSSIBLE" HE MIGHT RISK ONE.

INTERVIEWED ON A RECORDED RADIO PROGRAM (REPORTERS ROUNDUP-MUTUAL) MANSFIELD SAID "I THINK HE (KHRUSHCHEV) CANNOT BE TRUSTED NOT TO DO SOMETHING ON THE SPUR OF THE MOMENT" THAT WOULD START A SHOOTING WAR.

JAVITS, ON A TV-RADIO PROGRAM PREPARED FOR NEW YORK STATIONS, SAID "I DON'T LIKE TO RISK A BIG WAR, A LITTLE WAR, OR ANY KIND OF WAR, BUT WE HAVE TO RUN RISKS IF WE WANT TO HAVE WORLD LEADERSHIP AND KEEP THE WORLD AT PEACE."

JAVITS SAID HE DID NOT BELIEVE "WE OUGHT TO LET THE RUSSIANS TAKE A BIG LEAD ON LONG RANGE MISSILES OR ANY OTHER FORM OF OFFENSE OR DEFENSE."

HE ASSERTED HE WAS NOT ARGUING THE RUSSIANS SHOULD BE MATCHED MISSILE FOR MISSILE BUT HE SAID "EVEN IF IT COSTS MONEY" HE FAVORED MATCHING THEM "IN TERMS OF A POTENT U. S. COUNTER-OFFENSIVE, INSTEAD OF JUST DEPENDING ON MANNED AIRCRAFT."

IF THAT IS DISAGREEMENT WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S FUNDAMENTAL POLICY, THE REPUBLICAN SENATOR ADDED, "THEN I DISAGREE WITH IT."

"I DON'T SEE ANYTHING FATAL ABOUT THE FACT THAT WE MAY GO OVER THE BUDGET THAT THE PRESIDENT HAS SENT US BY TWO BILLION OR THREE BILLION OR EVEN BY FOUR BILLION DOLLARS, AT VERY OUTSIDE," JAVITS SAID.

MAY 27 IS THE DATE SET BY THE KREMLIN FOR REMOVAL OF WESTERN TROOPS FROM BERLIN. IF KHRUSHCHEV REFUSES TO NEGOTIATE WITH WESTERN POWERS, MANSFIELD SAID IT MIGHT BE WISE TO ASK THE UNITED NATIONS TO LEND ITS GOOD OFFICES IN SEEKING A SOLUTION.

"THE TIME TO REFER THE MATTER TO THE U. N.," MANSFIELD DECLARED, "SHOULD BE BEFORE, NOT AFTER, THE MAY 27 DEADLINE."

30.24-6285

MANSFIELD TOOK ISSUE WITH SOME REPUBLICANS WHO HAVE ADVOCATED LESS TALK ON CAPITOL HILL WHILE THE PRESIDENT AND THE STATE DEPARTMENT GRAPPLE WITH THE HOUR-TO-HOUR DEVELOPMENTS.

"I HOPE THERE WILL BE NO CARPING CRITICISM," MANSFIELD SAID. BUT HE ADDED THAT CONSTRUCTIVE TALK WILL HELP PREPARE THE AMERICAN PEOPLE FOR THE DANGER THAT MAY LIE AHEAD.

IN ANOTHER TELEVISION PROGRAM PREPARED FOR NEW YORK STATIONS, SEN. KENNETH B. KEATING (R-NY) SAID THAT TO LEAVE THE FATE OF BERLIN TO NEGOTIATION BETWEEN EAST AND WEST GERMANS "WOULD BE AN ABSOLUTE SELL-OUT OF WEST GERMANY AND A GRAVE THREAT TO WORLD PEACE."

"THE STAKE IN THESE NEGOTIATIONS," HE SAID, IS MORE THAN THAT OF A CITY, A COUNTRY, OR EVEN A CONTINENT.

"IT IS THE WHOLR FUTURE OF FREEDOM WHICH IS AT STAKE," KEATING SAID. "SURELY WE CANNOT AFFORD TO LET THE SOVIET UNION CALL THE TUNE FOR SUCH FATEFUL NEGOTIATIONS."

THE STATE DEPARTMENT MEANWHILE IS OFFERING LITTLE ENCOURAGEMENT TO ADVOCATES OF A CONGRESSIONAL RESOLUTION BACKING THE ADMINISTRATION'S POLICY OF STANDING FIRM ON BERLIN. THE FEELING AMONG THOSE IN TOUCH WITH TOP OFFICIALS IS THAT SUCH AN EXPRESSION AT THIS TIME MIGHT PREJUDICE THE ALREADY DELICATE AND CRITICAL PROBLEMS FACING THE DIPLOMATS.

JAVITS HAS OFFERED SUCH A RESOLUTION. SO HAS SEN. THOMAS J. DODD (D-CONN) WHO URGED IN THE SENATE THURSDAY A REEXAMINATION OF DEFENSES AND A 90-DAY "CRASH PROGRAM" TO PREPARE FOR WHATEVER MAY HAPPEN.

SEN. HUBERT HUMPHREY (D-MINN), A MEMBER OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, SAID "ANYONE THAT UNDERESTIMATES THE BERLIN SITUATION WILL BE DOING HIS COUNTRY A DISSERVICE."

"THIS IS ONE OF THE MOST SERIOUS, CRITICAL SITUATIONS THAT WE'VE EVER FACED," HE SAID. "AND IT IS FRAUGHT WITH DANGER. THERE COULD BE WAR IN THIS AREA."

IN A TV INTERVIEW FILMED WITH REP. HAROLD C. OSTERTAG (R-NY) FOR NEW YORK STATIONS, HUMPHREY SUGGESTED THAT "WE SPEND A LITTLE MORE TIME IN ENUNCIATING OUR PEACE PROPOSALS AND TAKING ON THE MANTLE OF THE PEACE MAKER."

ONE OF THE PROBLEMS, HE SAID, IS THAT THE SOVIETS, PARTICULARLY PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV, "TAKES YOU FROM ONE HEIGHT OF HOPE OF PEACE DOWN INTO THE DEPTS OF DESPAIR AND THE POSSIBILITY OF WAR."

HUMPHREY SAID HE BELIEVES THE RUSSIANS WANT NO SHOOTING WAR ALTHOUGH "THEY'RE WILLING TO HAVE POLITICAL WAR AND ECONOMIC WAR."

IN ANOTHER INTERVIEW, FILMED FOR STATION WDSU-TV, NEW ORLEANS, HUMPHREY SAID THE WEST OUGHT TO "EXPLORE THE POSSIBILITIES OF SOME TYPE OF DISENGAGEMENT WITHIN CENTRAL EUROPE."

IN ORDER TO BRING ABOUT THE WITHDRAWAL OF THE RUSSIAN ARMY FROM EAST GERMANY, POLAND, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, HUNGARY AND OTHER AREAS, HE SAID, "WE'RE GOING TO HAVE TO BE WILLING TO MAKE SOME WITHDRAWALS OURSELVES AND SOME REALIGNMENT OF TROOP PLACEMENTS."

"I THINK THIS CAN BE DONE WITHOUT JEOPARDIZING THE BASIC SECURITY OF THE UNITED STATES, AT LEAST IT'S WORTH AN ATTEMPT," HUMPHREY SAID.

SEN. ALLEN ELLENDER (D-LA), APPEARING ON THE SAME PROGRAM, SAID HE DOESN'T BELIEVE ANYTHING WOULD BE ACCOMPLISHED BY NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN WEST BERLIN AND EAST BERLIN.

JC420PES

1959

A102

UNDATED BERLIN ROUNDUP (450)

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

PRESSURES FOR A SUMMIT CONFERENCE ON THE BERLIN CRISIS APPEARED TO BE BUILDING UP SUNDAY.

RESPONSIBLE BRITISH SOURCES IN LONDON SAID PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN WOULD RETURN FROM HIS VISIT TO MOSCOW DETERMINED TO URGE THE WESTERN ALLIES TO HOLD A HEADS OF GOVERNMENT MEETING WITH SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV.

AT PRESENT, THE WEST IS PROPOSING A FOREIGN MINISTERS' MEETING IN RESPONSE TO KHRUSHCHEV'S THREAT TO TURN THE SOVIET UNION'S BERLIN OCCUPATION DUTIES OVER TO ITS SATELLITE GOVERNMENT IN EAST GERMANY ON MAY 27. THE WEST REFUSES TO RECOGNIZE THE EAST GERMAN REGIME.

MACMILLAN WAS REPORTED CONVINCED THAT EAST-WEST NEGOTIATION WOULD BE MEANINGLESS WITHOUT KHRUSHCHEV AT THE BARGAINING TABLE.

IN LENINGRAD, MACMILLAN SAID HIS TALKS WITH SOVIET LEADERS HAD PRODUCED NO IMMEDIATE SOLUTIONS BUT WOULD BE OF GREAT HELP IN INTERNATIONAL BARGAINING AHEAD.

"I SAY THAT THESE DISCUSSIONS MUST LIE AHEAD BECAUSE I FULLY BELIEVE THAT THE DANGEROUS SITUATION WITH WHICH WE MAY BE FACED CANNOT BE RESOLVED WITHOUT NEGOTIATION," THE BRITISH LEADER SAID.

ANOTHER ASPECT CITED BY BRITISH OFFICIALS WAS THAT A SUMMIT CONFERENCE WOULD SHOW THE RUSSIANS THAT THE NORTH ATLANTIC ALLIES ARE RESOLVED TO KEEP WEST BERLIN FREE AND REFUSE TO LET THE EAST GERMAN COMMUNISTS CONTROL TRAFFIC INTO THE CITY. BERLIN IS 110 MILES INSIDE EAST GERMANY.

A SUMMIT CONFERENCE HAS LONG BEEN AN OBJECTIVE OF SOVIET DIPLOMACY, WHILE THE WEST HAS HELD ADEQUATE PREPARATION AT LOWER LEVELS MUST COME FIRST.

BUT BRITISH AUTHORITIES EXPECT A WORLDWIDE CLAMOR FOR SUMMIT TALKS AS THE MAY DEADLINE ON BERLIN APPROACHES, AND THEY APPEARED TO FEEL IT WOULD BE BETTER TO HEAD IT OFF BEFORE IT STARTS.

THE EAST GERMAN NEWS AGENCY ADN REPORTED PREPARATORY TALKS BETWEEN THE EAST GERMANS AND THE RUSSIANS HAVE ALREADY OPENED ON ENDING THE WESTERN OCCUPATION OF WEST BERLIN.

ADN SAID SOVIET AMBASSADOR M.G. PERVUKHIN, EAST GERMAN PREMIER OTTO GROTEWOHL AND COMMUNIST CHIEF WALTER ULBRICHT "DISCUSSED QUESTIONS CONNECTED WITH PROPOSALS BY THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT FOR THE CONCLUSION OF A PEACE TREATY WITH GERMANY AND THE LIQUIDATION OF THE OCCUPATION REGIME IN WEST BERLIN."

KHRUSHCHEV IS FLYING TO LEIPZIG THIS WEEK, OSTENSIBLY TO VISIT THE EAST GERMAN TRADE FAIR. BUT HE IS CONSIDERED SURE TO JOIN IN TOP-LEVEL TALKS ON BERLIN AND A POSSIBLE PEACE TREATY WITH EAST GERMANY.

EAST GERMAN DEFENSE MINISTER WILLIE STOPH ISSUED ANOTHER COMMUNIST WARNING THAT ANY VIOLATION OF EAST GERMANY'S SOVEREIGNTY WOULD MEAN WAR. THIS WOULD BRING "THE DETERMINED RESISTANCE OF THE SOVIET TROOPS AND OUR ARMED FORCES," HE SAID.

ULBRICHT SAID THAT IF THE WEST DOES NOT JOIN IN AN ALL-GERMAN SETTLEMENT, THE RUSSIANS WOULD GO THROUGH WITH THEIR OWN PLANS FOR EAST GERMANY.

IN WASHINGTON, CONCERN MOUNTED IN CONGRESS THAT THE SOVIET UNION MAY START A WAR OVER BERLIN.

SEN. MIKE MANSFIELD (D-MONT) SAID KHRUSHCHEV MIGHT DO SOMETHING ON THE SPUR OF THE MOMENT THAT WOULD SET OFF A WAR. SEN. JACOB K. JAVITS (R-NY) SAID THE UNITED STATES MUST RUN WHATEVER RISKS ARE NECESSARY BY ITS PLEDGE TO KEEP TROOPS IN GERMANY AND GUARANTEE FREE ACCESS TO WEST BERLIN.

SEN. HENRY M. JACKSON (D-WASH) CALLED FOR MOBILIZATION OF FOUR TO FIVE ARMY AND NATIONAL GUARD DIVISIONS AS "A DIPLOMATIC SIGNAL TO THE SOVIET UNION THAT WE MEAN BUSINESS."

GG711PES

1959

A49

JAKARTA, MARCH 1 (AP)-PRESIDENT SUKARNO DESCRIBED VISITING COMMUNIST NORTH VIET NAM PRESIDENT HO CHI MINH LAST NIGHT AS ONE OF ASIA'S GREATEST MEN.

IN AFTER DINNER SPEECHES AT A STATE BANQUET HELD AT SUKARNO'S ISTANA MERDEKA PALACE, SUKARNO PRAISED WHAT HE CALLED HO'S IDEAS FOR COMPLETE FREEDOM FOR HIS COUNTRY, WORLD PEACE, THE BROTHERHOOD OF MAN AND SOCIAL JUSTTICE.

HO ASSURED SUKARNO OF HIS COUNTRY'S SUPPORT TO "RECONQUER" DISPUTED WEST IRIAN (DUTCH NEW GUINEA).

"WE HAVE SOUTH VIET NAM TO GET BACK TO US AND WE HAVE THE FIGHT AGAINST THE IMPERIALISTS," HO DECLARED. HE APPEALED FOR INDONESIAN SUPPORT.

JF335PES

A162

FIRST LEAD TRAWLERS (A41)

(120)

MANILA, MONDAY, MARCH 2 (AP)-DEFENSE SECRETARY JESUS VARGAS TODAY ORDERED THE PHILIPPINE NAVY TO ESCORT FIVE DETAINED RUSSIAN FISHING VESSELS TO A NAVAL BASE FOR INVESTIGATION.

THE TRAWLERS, UNDER GUARD IN A LITTLE BAY OFF NORTHERNMOST LUZON, ARE TO BE MOVED ABOUT 100 MILES SOUTH TO PORO POINT, A NAVAL STATION.

A FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN SAID IT MIGHT BE ONE OR TWO DAYS BEFORE A COMPLETE INVESTIGATION IS FINISHED.

"WE ARE TAKING NOTHING FOR GRANTED," HE ADDED.

PHILIPPINE NAVY VESSELS HAVE BEEN GUARDING THE ENTRANCE TO THE BAY WHERE THE TRAWLERS DROPPED ANCHOR FRIDAY. CONSTABULARY TROOPS HAVE BEEN POSTED ALONG THE SHORE. THE ESTIMATED 100 RUSSIANS ABOARD THE FIVE VESSELS WERE REPORTED GETTING IMPATIENT ABOUT BEING DETAINED.

"THERE ARE INDICATIONS THE RUSSIANS ARE GETTING RESTLESS," A NAVY SPOKESMAN SAID. "THEY KEEP ASKING TO LEAVE."

THE PHILIPPINE NAVY HAD PREVIOUSLY TURNED DOWN A REQUEST FROM THE TRAWLERS THAT THEY BE PERMITTED TO SAIL FOR VLADIVOSTOK.

THE FIVE NEWLY BUILT FISHING VESSELS DROOPPED ANCHOR AT DIRIQUE INLET ON THE NORTHWESTERN TIP OF LUZON ISLAND LATE FRIDAY WHEN AN ENGINE BROKE DOWN ON ONE OF THEM. IT HAS NOW BEEN REPAIRED.

A NAVY SPOKESMAN SAID PHILIPPINE NAVY SHIPS AND PLANES FROM THE U.S. 13TH AIR FORCE WERE KEEPING A WATCH ON THE VESSELS. BUT HE SCOFFED AT RUMORS A SOVIET SUBMARINE WAS IN THE VICINITY OF THE SHIPS.

"ALL OUR SHIPS ARE EQUIPPED WITH SUBMARINE DETECTION DEVICES, AND THE PRESENCE OF AN UNDERSEA CRAFT COULD HAVE BEEN EASILY DETECTED AND REPORTED TO US BY NOW."

FOREIGN SECRETARY FELIXBERTO SERRANO REQUESTED THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT TO DETAIN THE VESSELS AND CREW "FOR AS LONG AS NECESSARY TO COMPLETE A THOROUGH INVESTIGATION OF CIRCUMSTANCES" SURROUNDING THEIR PRESENCE IN PHILIPPINE WATERS.

DEFENSE SECRETARY JESUS VARGAS ORDERED AN IMMEDIATE COMPLIANCE WITH SERRANO'S REQUEST.

REPRESENTATIVES OF THE FOREIGN OFFICE, DEFENSE DEPARTMENT AND CUSTOMS AND IMMIGRATION BUREAUS WERE IN THE AREA INVESTIGATION THE VESSELS' CREW.

THE SHIPS PRESENCE WAS UNKNOWN UNTIL RESIDENTS IN THE AREA ALERTED THE NAVY, WHICH SENT A BOARDING PARTY LATE SATURDAY.

SECRETARY VARGAS THEN ORDERED THE NAVY TO DETAIN THE SHIPS UNTIL CLEARED.

IT WAS LEARNED THE TRAWLERS LEFT THE BALTIC SEA ON CHRISTMAS DAY TO BE TURNED OVER TO THE FISHING MINISTRY IN VLADIVOSTOK TRAVELING VIA THE MEDITERRANEAN AND SUEZ CANAL, RED SEA, COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, OKINAWA AND KOREA STRAITS, FISHING EN ROUTE.

DF305PES

A180

(120)

HONG KONG, MARCH 1 (AP)-COMMUNIST CHINESE DEFENSE MINISTER PENG TEH-HUAI WARNED TONIGHT THAT HIS COUNTRY WILL GO TO THE AID OF EAST GERMANY IN THE EVENT OF A SHOWDOWN OVER BERLIN.

QUOTED BY THE OFFICIAL NEW CHINA NEWS AGENCY, PENG SAID THE SOVIET PROPOSAL TO TURN BERLIN INTO A FREE CITY WAS REASONABLE. HE SAID:

"IF THE WESTERN POWERS, HEADED BY THE UNITED STATES, REJECT THESE PROPOSALS OR CONTINUE TO USE WEST BERLIN AND WEST GERMANY AS BASES FOR AGGRESSION AGAINST DEMOCRATIC (EAST) GERMANY OR OTHER SOCIALIST COUNTRIES, THEY WILL MEET A SHAMEFUL DEFEAT," THE MINISTER ASSERTED AT A RECEPTION AT THE EAST GERMAN EMBASSY IN PEIPING.

"WE CONSIDER ANY ATTACK BY THE IMPERIALIST BLOC AGAINST DEMOCRATIC GERMANY AS AN ATTACK AGAINST THE ENTIRE SOCIALIST CAMP AND WE WILL HELP DEMOCRATIC GERMANY RETALIATE WITH ALL OUR STRENGTH."

G1259AES

A53 (PX WX F)

TOKYO, MONDAY, MARCH 2 (AP)-PEIPING RADIO REPORTED DELEGATES REPRESENTING COMMUNIST PARTIES OF 12 LATIN AMERICAN COUNTRIES ARRIVED IN THE CITY OF WUHAN FROM PEIPING TODAY. THEY ARE ON A VISIT TO COMMUNIST CHINA.

JF338PES

A195

ADVANCE FOR MONDAY AMS MARCH 2 (250)

TOKYO, MARCH 1 (AP)-THE KAWAKAMI TRADING CO. OF JAPAN HAS ANNOUNCED SIGNING A CONTRACT TO PURCHASE 10,000 TONS OF CRUDE OIL FROM THE SOVIET UNION.

THE PURCHASE IS THE FIRST UNDER A TRADE AGREEMENT SIGNED LAST YEAR. THE RUSSIAN OIL IS TO ARRIVE NEXT MONTH. moved Feb. 28, PD 1221AES

A16WX

(480)

ADVANCE FOR 630PM EST TODAY

ARMS AID-BUDGET

BY LEWIS GULICK

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, MARCH 1 (AP)-A HOUSE SUBCOMMITTEE LIFTED THE SECRECY VEIL FROM U. S. OVERSEAS ARMS AID SLIGHTLY TODAY TO REPORT IT WAS DISTURBED AND SHOCKED AT WASTE IT FOUND.

THE UNANIMOUS REPORT BY THE FOREIGN AID WATCHDOG GROUP HEADED BY REP. THOMAS E. MORGAN (D-PA) FORESHADOWED TROUBLE FOR PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S $3,900,000,000 AID PROGRAM WHEN IT GOES BEFORE CONGRESS THIS MONTH.

THE SUBCOMMITTEE REPORTED IT DISCOVERED ONE U. S. ALLY WAS BUILDING AIRPLANES FOR THE PERSONAL USE OF ITS OFFICERS WITH FACILITIES AMERICA HAD PROVIDED TO KEEP UP MILITARY EQUIPMENT.

THESE OTHER FINDINGS WERE REPORTED:

A FOREIGN MOTOR POOL GOT ENOUGH TIRES OUT OF U. S. AID IN ONE YEAR TO PUT 44 TIRES ON EACH TRUCK.

AMERICAN MATERIALS INTENDED FOR MILITARY CONSTRUCTION WERE USED TO BUILD APARTMENT HOUSES FOR FOREIGN CIVILIANS.

POOR RECORD KEEPING BY NATIVES WHO KNEW LITTLE ENGLISH PRODUCED STOCK RECORD CARDS WHICH READ "FOR SO MANY CASES OF 'THIS SIDE UP.'"

ONE U. S.-AIDED INSTALLATION HAD A 185-YEAR SUPPLY OF A SINGLE AMMUNITION ITEM. IN ANOTHER CASE THERE WAS ONLY ONE 2 1/2-TON TRUCK ENGINE CARBURETOR IN STOCK FOR AN ENTIRE ARMY.

"THERE CAN BE LITTLE QUESTION AS TO THE FACTS," THE SUBCOMMITTEE SAID IN REPORTING THAT MOST OF ITS EVIDENCE CAME FROM THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT'S OWN INVESTIGATIONS.

THE CONGRESSMEN HELD LENGTHY HEARINGS BEHIND CLOSED DOORS ON AID TO COUNTRIES SUCH AS KOREA, THE INDOCHINA AREA AND PAKISTAN. BUT THE PENTAGON PUT SUCH A TIGHT SECRECY LOCK ON THE INFORMATION, THE SUBCOMMITTEE SAID, THAT IT WAS BARRED FROM ISSUING EVEN A CENSORED TRANSCRIPT OF THE TESTIMONY.

THE CONGRESSMEN FINALLY ISSUED THEIR OWN REPORT WHICH NAMED NO COUNTRIES AND WAS SPARSE ON SPECIFICS. THEY SAID THE STATE AND DEFENSE DEPARTMENTS IMPOSED SECRECY TO KEEP DETAILS FROM THE COMMUNISTS AND BECAUSE THE CASES "REFLECT UNFAVORABLY ON OFFICIALS OR POLICIES OF ALLIED NATIONS."

ARMS AID HAS ACCOUNTED FOR ABOUT HALF THE U. S. OVERSEAS EXPENDITURE, WHICH HAS BEEN RUNNING ROUGHLY FOUR BILLION DOLLARS A YEAR. EISENHOWER NOW HAS UNDER WAY A MILITARY ASSISTANCE SURVEY BY A SPECIAL GROUP HEADED BY INVESTMENT BANKER WILLIAM H. DRAPER.

MORGAN, WHO IS ALSO CHAIRMAN OF THE FULL FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE, HAS SUPPORTED THE AID PROGRAM IN THE PAST.

THE SUBCOMMITTEE SAID IT "HAS BEEN DISTURBED BY A NUMBER OF SITUATIONS WHICH IT HAS ENCOUNTERED AND IN A FEW INSTANCES HAS BEEN SHOCKED BY WHAT IT HAS FOUND...

"ALTHOUGH BY NO MEANS TRUE OF ALL COUNTRIES..., SHOCKING EXAMPLES WERE FOUND OF PILFERAGE OF MILITARY SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT PROVIDED BY THE UNITED STATES AND THE DIVERSION OF SUCH ITEMS EITHER TO CIVILIAN OR OTHER USE DIFFERENT FROM THAT INTENDED."

THE CONGRESSMEN ASKED THAT EISENHOWER, IN PRESENTING HIS NEW AID REQUEST, SAY WHAT STEPS HAVE BEEN TAKEN TO CURE THE FAULTS. THEY MADE NO DETAILED RECOMMENDATION OF THEIR OWN, BUT SAID:

1. THE JOB OF SUPPLYING AND MAINTAINING MILITARY EQUIPMENT AMERICA SENDS ABROAD HAS BEEN GIVEN TO FOREIGN FORCES UNABLE TO PERFORM SUCH NECESSARY BUT OFTEN HIGHLY TECHNICAL DUTIES.

2. ADVANCED EQUIPMENT HAS BEEN SENT TO ASIAN COUNTRIES WHICH DON'T HAVE THE SKILLS TO USE IT. U. S. TANKS SUPPLIED TO CERTAIN UNDER-DEVELOPED COUNTRIES ARE OF A MORE COMPLEX DESIGN THAN NEEDED FOR THE MISSIONS ASSIGNED THEM.

3. AMERICA'S ALLIES HAVE OFTEN FAILED TO DO THEIR SHARE.

WE128PES

A59WX (RESEARCH PROGRAM)
ADVANCE FOR 6:30 P.M. EST TODAY
(450) GLIPAR
BY VERN HAUGLAND

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, MARCH 1 (AP)-THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT CONFIRMED TODAY THAT IT IS UNDERTAKING A NEW RESEARCH PROGRAM AIMED AT VASTLY MORE EFFECTIVE DEFENSES AGAINST BALLISTIC MISSILES.

THE UNDERTAKING, SOON TO BE STARTED BY THE DEPARTMENT'S ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY, IS KNOWN AS GLIPAR, FOR GUIDE LINE IDENTIFICATION PROGRAM FOR ANTIMISSILE RESEARCH.

AVIATION WEEK MAGAZINE, REPORTING THE EXISTENCE OF GLIPAR, SAID IT WAS AIMED AT DEVELOPING COUNTERMEASURES "PROVIDING ESSENTIALLY COMPLETE DEFENSE OF THE UNITED STATES AGAINST BALLISTIC MISSILES IN THE APPROXIMATE PERIOD BETWEEN 1970 AND 1980--INCLUDING ANTI-GRAVITY, ANTI-MATTER AND RADIATION WEAPONS."

"BASICALLY, THE PROGRAM IS AN ATTEMPT TO BREAK AWAY FROM THE PRESENT ENVIRONMENT OF ENGINEERING LIMITATIONS IN SOLUTIONS TO THE BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE PROBLEM, AND TO FIND BETTER FUNDAMENTAL APPROACHES TO A LONG RUN SOLUTION," THE MAGAZINE SAID.

"FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR THE PROGRAM TOTAL 1 1/2 MILLION DOLLARS, ABOUT 1 1/2 PER CENT OF ARPA'S BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE BUDGET. CONTRACTS WILL BE LET EARLY NEXT MONTH.

"SOME SCIENTISTS HAVE RIDICULED CONSIDERATION OF SUCH CONCEPTS AS ANTI-GRAVITY FOR MISSILE DEFENSE.

"ARPA EMPHASIZES, HOWEVER, THAT THE GLIPAR PROGRAM IS AN ATTEMPT TO BREAK LOOSE SCIENTIFIC THINKING FROM CONVENTIONAL APPROACHES TO THE MISSILE DEFENSE PROBLEM SO THAT ALL POTENTIALLY APPLICABLE PHYSICAL MECHANISMS CAN RECEIVE UNPREJUDICED EXAMINATION."

AN ARPA SPOKESMAN SAID THE MAGAZINE OVERSTATED THE SITUATION SOMEWHAT.

THE SPOKESMAN SAID THAT "THIS IS ONLY ONE PART OF OUR WORK IN ANTI-MISSILE DEFENSES--WE HAVE MORE THAN 10 CONTRACTS IN THIS FIELD NOW."

HE ADDED THAT THE GLIPAR PROGRAM WOULD INVOLVE AT LEAST 10 NEW CONTRACTS.

THE MAGAZINE SAID POTENTIAL BIDDERS, INCLUDING ABOUT 50 MAJOR AIRCRAFT AND ELECTRONICS COMPANIES AND SEVERAL UNIVERSITY GROUPS, WERE TOLD AT A PENTAGON BRIEFING FEB. 20 THAT INITIAL PROPOSALS MUST BE SUBMITTED BY MARCH 20, AND THAT ARPA WILL MAKE THE FINAL CHOICE OF 5 TO 10 CONTRACTORS ABOUT APRIL 3.

IT SAID THE PROGRAM CALLS FOR SIX MONTHS OF STUDY IN THE INDIVIDUAL CONTRACTOR'S LABORATORIES, WITH EACH CONTRACTOR CONSIDERING 5 TO 10 POSSIBLE ADVANCED DEFENSE MECHANISMS FOR USE SOME 12 TO 20 YEARS IN THE FUTURE.

THE THREAT FOR THIS PERIOD WAS DEFINED AS ANY OFFENSIVELY "THROWN" MATTER DIRECTED AT THE UNITED STATES, INCLUDING MATTER TRAVELING ALONG A BALLISTIC PATH.

THERE HAVE BEEN SEVERAL SUGGESTIONS IN RECENT YEARS THAT ENEMY MISSILES MIGHT BE DESTROYED OR DIVERTED BY SUPPOSEDLY FANTASTIC MEANS SUCH AS SPECIAL RAYS, USE OF ANTI-MATTER WHICH WOULD DESTROY MATTER, AND SHIELDING AGAINST GRAVITY.

MANY SCIENTISTS HOLD THAT THE BASIC LAWS OF PHYSICS RULE OUT SUCH POSSIBILITIES. ARPA HAS DECREED THAT THE BASIC CONSERVATION LAWS OF PHYSICS MUST BE SATISFIED IN THE PROPOSED PROGRAMS, BUT THAT ENGINEERING DIFFICULTIES ARE TO BE OF NO CONCERN IN THE PRELIMINARY STUDIES.

EG421PES NM AST

A73 (270)

WASHINGTON, MARCH 1 (AP)-MOBILIZATION OF FOUR TO FIVE ARMY AND NATIONAL GUARD DIVISIONS WAS CALLED FOR TODAY BY SEN. HENRY M. JACKSON (D-WASH). HE TERMED THE MOBILIZATION "A DIPLOMATIC SIGNAL TO THE SOVIET UNION THAT WE MEAN BUSINESS."

JACKSON, A MEMBER OF THE SENATE ARMED SEERVICES COMMITTEE, SAID "I SUGGEST SPECIFICALLY, IN ORDER TO MAKE OUR FOREIGN POLICY MORE EFFECTIVE AND TO PREVENT THE POSSIBILITY OF A CATASTROPHE, THAT THE PRESIDENT CALL UP PURSUANT TO THE AUTHORITY THAT HE NOW HAS FOUR TO FIVE ARMY AND NATIONAL GUARD DIVISIONS."

THE SENATOR, INTERVIEWED ON ABC-TV'S "COLLEGE NEWS CONFERENCE," ASSERTED "THE EFFECT OF THIS UNDERTAKING BY THE PRESIDENT I BELIEVE COULD PREVENT A CATASTROPHE IN BERLIN AND ALSO ONE THAT MIGHT BREAK OUT AT THE SAME TIME IN THE FORMOSA STRAITS."

JACKSON WENT ON TO SAY THAT "WHILE WE ARE TALKING ABOUT THE MAY 27 DEADLINE (OF THE OCCUPATION REGIME IN BERLIN) WE ARE IN FACT DURING THE SAME PERIOD REDUCING OUR ARMY DIVISIONS FROM 15 TO 14."

"UNFORTUNATELY, IN MY JUDGMENT, THERE'S BEEN TOO MUCH TALK AND NOT ENOUGH QUIET MILITARY BUILD-UP WHICH THE SOVIETS UNDERSTAND FAR MORE EFFECTIVELY THAN TALK," HE SAID.

THE UNITED STATES NOW HAS FIVE DIVISIONS IN EUROPE WHILE THE SOVIETS HAVE 22; $8;8'89,' 8, 3-'5 &34.-,6 -)9,3 -,$ 5£3 EAST GERMANS HAVE A LITTLE MORE THAN SIX DIVISIONS, JACKSON ADDED.

ASIDE FROM THE BERLIN CRISIS AND THE FORMOSA PROBLEM, JACKSON SAID HE ADVOCATED THE MOBILIZATION ALSO BECAUSE:

"WE HAVE TO REALIZE WE ARE LIVING IN A DANGEROUS WORLD AND IT'S A LONG HARD PULL, AND ONE OF THE PROBLEMS WE HAVE TO FACE AT THE MOMENT IS THAT WE HAVE ALLOWED OUR MILITARY POSTURE TO DECLINE SO THAT WE INVITE SUCH HOSTILE STATEMENTS AS WE HAVE BEEN WITNESSING HERE DURING THE LAST FEW MONTHS."

DF509PES

B67MI W
WORLD SVC (110)
MILWAUKEE, MARCH 1-(AP)-LORD CLEMENT ATTLEE SAID TODAY THAT NATIONS SHOULD SURRENDER SOME OF THEIR SOVERIGNTY TO A WORLD GOVERNMENT WITH THE POWER TO PREVENT WAR.

"WE CANNOT ALLOW EACH NATION TO ARM ITSELF WITH WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION WITHOUT SOME FORM OF WORLD GOVERNMENT TO PREVENT WAR," ATTLEE, BRITAIN'S FORMER PRIME MINISTER, SAID. "COMMUNISTS AND NON-COMMUNISTS WILL HAVE TO LIVE IN THE WORLD TOGETHER."

ATTLEE, SPEAKING TO A GROUP OF UNIVERSITY STUDENTS, ALSO SAID THE PARTIAL SURRENDER OF FREEDOMS IS A CONDITION OF CIVILIZATION, JUST AS CITIZENS HAVE GIVEN UP BEARING ARMS IN FAVOR OF POLICE PROTECTION.

ATTLEE SAID HE HAS NO FEAR OF COMMUNIST EROSION OF DEMOCRACIES.

"COMMUNIST NATIONS, THROUGH CLOSER CONTACT, ARE MORE LIKELY TO BE WON OVER TO DEMOCRATIC PHILOSOPHIES," ATTLEE SAID.

HS1147PCS NM

AP42
(250)
NEW YORK, MARCH 1 (AP)-THE AMERICAN TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO. ANNOUNCED TODAY THAT REPAIRS HAD BEEN MADE TO TRANSATLANTIC CABLES BROKEN LAST WEEK ABOUT 190 MILES EAST OF NEWFOUNDLAND. FULL SERVICE ON THE LINES HAD BEEN RESTORED, AT&T SAID.

THE CABLE BREAK CAUSED INTERNATIONAL TENSION WHEN A U.S. NAVY PARTY ON THURSDAY BOARDED THE SOVIET FISHING TRAWLER NOVOROSSISK. LT. DONALD SHEELY, LEADER OF THE BOARDING PARTY FROM A RADAR PICKET SHIP, SAID IN WASHINGTON LAST NIGHT HE BELIEVES THE TRAWLER WELL MAY HAVE CUT THHE CABLES BY ACCIDENT.

THE SOVIET UNION YESTERDAY CALLED THE BOARDING INCIDENT A "PREMEDITATED PROVOCATION."

THE CABLE SYSTEM LINKS THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA WITH GREAT BRITAIN AND EIGHT COUNTRIES ON THE EUROPEAN MAINLAND.

DURING HIS 70-MINUTE SEARCH ABOVE DECK ON THE TRAWLER, SHEELY SAID, HE FOUND NO FIRM EVIDENCE OF ANY INTENTION TO CUT THE CABLES.

"I FEEL THAT IT WAS MOST PROBABLE THAT IT WAS ACCIDENTALLY CUT," SHEELY ADDED.

A MOSCOW BROADCAST YESTERDAY CLAIMED THE SEARCH "WAS TIMED EXACTLY FOR A MOMENT WHEN THE NOVOROSSISK REACHED AN AREA WHERE DAMAGED AMERICAN TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CABLES ARE LOCATED."

THE BROADCAST CONTENDED THE REAL PURPOSE BEHIND THE BOARDING WAS "TO INTENSIFY THE COLD WAR AND WORSEN RELATIONS BETWEEN THE SOVIET UNION AND THE UNITED STATES."

THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID IT HAD NO COMMENT ON THE MOSCOW BROADCAST.

JOHN A. BOWMAN, AN AT&T OFFICIAL, SAID THAT "FROM THE LOOKS OF THE CABLE IT APPEARS THAT IT BECAME FOULED IN TRAWLING GEAR, WAS HAULED ABOARD A TRAWLER AND CUT TO FREE THE GEAR."

BOWMAN ESTIMATED IT COST AT LEAST $250,000 TO REPAIR THE BREAK 1,000 FEET BELOW THE OCEAN SURFACE.

DF311PES

END MARCH 1, 1959